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# Aspergillus niger PCR Detection Kit Product # 32900

### **Product Insert**

#### **Pathogen Information**

Aspergillus niger is a fungus and one of the most common species of the genus Aspergillus. It causes a disease called black mold on certain fruits and vegetables such as grapes, onions, and peanuts, and is a common contaminant of food. It causes stem rot of Dracaena, root stalk rot of Sansevieria and boll rot of cotton. It has also been implicated in the spoilage of cashew kernels, dates, figs, vanilla pods and dried prunes. It is ubiquitous in soil and is commonly reported from indoor environments, where it produces characteristic black colonies. Some strains of A. niger have also been reported to produce potent mycotoxins called ochratoxins. Methods for the rapid and sensitive detection of the pest would be valuable to ensure food quality and protection of individuals from the possibility of ingesting potentially hazardous myco- or ochratoxins.

#### **Principle of the Test**

Norgen's *Aspergillus niger* PCR Detection Kit constituents a ready-to-use system for the isolation and detection of *A. niger* using end-point PCR. The kit first allows for the isolation of fungal DNA from the plant samples using spin-column chromatography based on Norgen's proprietary resin. Fungal DNA can be isolated from fungi growing on culture plates, or from plant tissue or fruit using this kit. The DNA is isolated free from inhibitors, and can then be used as the template in a PCR reaction for *A. niger* detection using the provided *A. niger* Master Mix. The *A. niger* Mastermix contains reagents and enzymes for the specific amplification of a 363 bp region of the fungal genome. In addition, Norgen's *A. niger* PCR Detection Kit contains a second Mastermix, the PCR Control Master Mix, which can be used to identify possible PCR inhibition and/or inadequate isolation via a separate PCR reaction with the use of the internal *PCR control (PCRC)* or the provided *Isolation Control (IsoC)*, respectively. This kit is designed to allow for the testing of 24 samples.

#### Kit Components:

Component	Contents	
Lysis Solution	15 mL	
Wash Solution	9 mL	
Elution Buffer	3 mL	
Bead Tubes	24	
Mini Spin Columns	24	
Collection Tubes	24	
Elution tubes (1.7 mL)	24	
AN 2x Detection PCR Master Mix	0.35 mL	
Control 2x PCR Master Mix	0.35 mL	
Isolation Control (IsoC) <sup>*a</sup>	0.3 mL	
AN Positive Control (PosC) <sup>*b</sup>	0.1 mL	
Nuclease Free-Water	1.25 mL	
Norgen's DNA Marker	0.1 mL	
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<sup>\*</sup> IsoC = Isolation Control ; PosC= Positive Control

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The isolation control is a cloned PCR product.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> The positive control is A. niger genomic DNA

#### **Customer-Supplied Reagents and Equipment**

- Disposable powder-free gloves
- Benchtop microcentrifuge
- 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tubes
- 65 °C water bath or heating block
- 96 100% ethanol
- 70% ethanol
- RNase A (optional)
- Lyticase (optional)

#### Storage Conditions and Product Stability

All buffers should be kept tightly sealed and stored at room temperature (15-25°C). Buffers can be stored for up to 1 year without showing any reduction in performance.

The AN 2x PCR Master Mix, Control 2x PCR Master Mix, AN Positive Control (PosC) and the Isolation Control (IsoC) should be kept tightly sealed and stored at -20°C for up to 1 year without showing any reduction in performance. Repeated thawing and freezing (> 2 x) should be avoided, as this may reduce the sensitivity. If the reagents are to be used only intermittently, they should be frozen in aliquots.

#### **General Precautions**

The user should exercise the following precautions when using the kit:

- Use sterile pipette tips with filters.
- Store and extract positive material (specimens, controls and amplicons) separately from all other reagents and add it to the reaction mix in a spatially separated facility.
- Thaw all components thoroughly at room temperature before starting an assay.
- When thawed, mix the components and centrifuge briefly.
- Work quickly on ice.

#### **Quality Control**

In accordance with Norgen's ISO 9001 and ISO 13485-certified Quality Management System, each lot of Norgen's AN 2x PCR Master Mix, Control 2x PCR Master Mix, AN Positive Control (PosC) and the Isolation Control (IsoC)are tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

#### **Product Use Limitations**

Norgen's *A. niger* PCR Detection Kit is designed for research purposes only. It is not intended for human or diagnostic use.

#### **Product Warranty and Satisfaction Guarantee**

NORGEN BIOTEK CORPORATION guarantees the performance of all products in the manner described in our product manual. The customer must determine the suitability of the product for its particular use.

#### Safety Information

Ensure that a suitable lab coat, disposable gloves and protective goggles are worn when working with chemicals. For more information, please consult the appropriate Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs). These are available as convenient PDF files online at <a href="https://www.norgenbiotek.com">www.norgenbiotek.com</a>.

CAUTION: DO NOT add bleach or acidic solutions directly to the sample-preparation waste.

#### Protocol

### A. Aspergillus niger Genomic DNA Isolation

#### Important Notes Prior to Beginning Protocol:

- A variable speed centrifuge should be used for maximum kit performance. If a variable speed centrifuge is not available a fixed speed centrifuge can be used, however reduced yields may be observed.
- Ensure that all solutions are at room temperature prior to use, and that no precipitates have formed. If necessary, warm the solutions and mix well until the solutions become clear again.
- Prepare a working concentration of the Wash Solution by adding 21 mL of 96 100 % ethanol (provided by the user) to the supplied bottle containing the concentrated Wash Solution. This will give a final volume of 30 mL. The label on the bottle has a box that may be checked to indicate that the ethanol has been added.
- Lysate can be prepared from either fungi growing on plates, plant tissue or fruit. Please ensure that you follow the proper procedure for lysate preparation in **Step 1a**.
- For the isolation of genomic DNA from fungi growing on plates, **Collection Solution** must be prepared. **Collection Solution** consists of 0.9% (w/v) NaCl prepared with distilled water.
- Preheat a water bath or heating block to 65 ℃.
- Isolation Control (IsoC)
  - An Isolation Control (IsoC) is supplied. This allows the user to control the DNA isolation procedure. For this assay, add the Isolation Control (IsoC) to the Iysate during the isolation procedure
  - The Isolation Control (IsoC) must not be added to the sample material directly.
  - Do not freeze and thaw the Isolation Control (*IsoC*) more than 2 times.
  - The Isolation Control (IsoC) must be kept on ice at all times during the isolation procedure.
- The PCR components of the *A. niger* PCR Detection Kit should remain at -20°C until DNA is extracted and ready for PCR amplification.

#### 1. Lysate Preparation

- a. Fungi Growing on Plates: Add approximately 5 mL (volume can be adjusted based on density of fungal growth) of Collection Solution (see notes before use) to the plate and gently collect fungal spores and mycelium with an inoculation loop or autoclaved pipette tip, ensuring not to collect any agar debris. Transfer up to 1 mL of washed spores and wet mycelium to a microcentrifuge tube (provided by user).
  - **Fungi from Plant Tissue or Fruit:** Wash the tissue or fruit with an appropriate amount of DNAse free water with vortexing. Transfer up to 1 mL of washed spores and wet mycelium to a microcentrifuge tube (provided by user).
- **b.** Centrifuge at 14,000 x g (~14,000 RPM) for 2 minutes to pellet the cells. Pour off the supernatant carefully so as not to disturb or dislodge the cell pellet.
- c. Add 500 µL of Lysis Solution to the cell pellet. Resuspend the cells by gentle vortexing.
- **d.** Transfer the mixture to a provided **Bead Tube** and secure the tube horizontally on a flat-bed vortex pad with tape, or in any commercially available bead beater equipment (e.g. Scientific Industries' Disruptor Genie).
- **e.** Vortex for 5 minutes at maximum speed or optimize the condition for any commercially available bead beater equipment.

**Note:** Foaming during the homogenization is common. This foaming is due to detergents present in the **Lysis Buffer** and will not affect the protocol.

- **f.** Incubate the **Bead Tube** with lysate at 65 °C for 10 minutes. Occasionally mix the lysate 2 or 3 times during incubation by inverting the tube.
- **g.** Briefly spin the tube to remove liquid from the cap, and transfer all of the lysate, including cell debris, to a DNase-free microcentrifuge tube (provided by the user) by pipetting. Ensure that the beads are not transferred during the pipetting.
- **h.** Centrifuge the tube for 2 minute at  $14000 \times g$  (~14,000 RPM).
- i. Carefully transfer clean supernatant to a new DNase-free microcentrifuge tube (provided by the user) without disturbing the pellet. Note the volume.
- j. Add an equal volume of 70% ethanol (provided by the user) to the lysate collected above (100  $\mu$ L of ethanol is added to every 100  $\mu$ L of lysate). Vortex to mix.
- k. Proceed to Step 2: Binding to Column

#### 2. Binding DNA to Column

- a. Assemble a spin column with one of the provided collection tubes.
- **b.** Add 10  $\mu$ L of Isolation Control (*IsoC*) to the lysate mixture.
- c. Apply up to 600  $\mu$ L of the lysate with ethanol onto the column and centrifuge for 1 minute at 14,000 x g (~14,000 RPM). Discard the flowthrough and reassemble the spin column with the collection tube.

**Note:** Ensure the entire lysate volume has passed through into the collection tube by inspecting the column. If the entire lysate volume has not passed, spin for an additional minute.

**d**. Depending on your lysate volume, repeat step 2C if necessary.

#### 3. Column Wash

a. Apply 500 µL of Wash Solution to the column and centrifuge for 1 minute.

**Note:** Ensure the entire wash solution has passed through into the collection tube by inspecting the column. If the entire wash volume has not passed, spin for an additional minute.

- **b.** Discard the flowthrough and reassemble the column with its collection tube.
- c. Repeat step 3a to wash column a second time.
- **d.** Discard the flowthrough and reassemble the spin column with its collection tube.
- e. Spin the column for 2 minutes in order to thoroughly dry the resin. Discard the collection tube.

#### 4. DNA Elution

- **a.** Place the column into a fresh 1.7 mL Elution tube provided with the kit.
- **b.** Add 75  $\mu$ L of Elution Buffer to the column.
- **c.** Centrifuge for 2 minutes at 200 x g (~2,000 RPM), followed by a 1 minute spin at 14,000 x g (~14,000 RPM). Note the volume eluted from the column. If the entire volume has not been eluted, spin the column at 14,000 x g (~14,000 RPM) for 1 additional minute.

### 5. Storage of DNA

The purified DNA may be stored at -20 °C for a few days. It is recommended that samples be placed at -70 °C for long term storage.

### B. Asperaillus niger PCR Assay Preparation

#### Notes:

- Before use, suitable amounts of all PCR components should be completely thawed at room temperature, vortexed and centrifuged briefly.
  - The amount of AN 2X Detection PCR Master Mix and Control 2X PCR Master Mix provided is enough for up to 32 PCR reactions (24 sample PCR, 4 positive control PCR and 4 no template control PCR).
  - For each sample, one PCR reaction using the AN 2X Detection PCR Mastermix and one PCR reaction using Control 2X PCR Mastermix should be set up in order to have a proper interpretation of the results.
  - For every PCR run, one reaction containing AN Positive Control and one reaction as no template control must be included for proper interpretation of results.
  - The recommended minimum number of DNA samples tested per PCR run is 6.
  - Using a lower volume from the sample than recommended may affect the sensitivity of A.niger Limit of Detection.
  - 1. Prepare the PCR for sample detection as shown in Table 1 below. The recommended amount of sample DNA to be used is 2.5  $\mu$ L. However, a volume between 1 and 10  $\mu$ L of sample DNA may be used as template. Adjust the final volume of the PCR reaction to 20  $\mu$ L using the Nuclease-Free Water provided. Prepare the PCR reaction for sample detection (Set #1, using AN 2X Detection PCR Mastermix) and the PCR reaction for control detection (Set #2, using Control 2X PCR Mastermix) as shown in Table 1 below. The recommended amount of sample DNA to be used is 2.5  $\mu$ L. However, a volume between 1 and 5  $\mu$ L of sample DNA may be used as template. Ensure that one A.niger detection reaction and one control reaction is prepared for each DNA sample. Adjust the final volume of the PCR reaction to 20  $\mu$ L using the Nuclease-Free Water provided.

**Table 1. PCR Assay Preparation** 

PCR Components	Volume Per PCR Reaction
AN 2X PCR Master Mix Or Control 2X PCR Master Mix	10 μL
Sample DNA	2.5 μL
Nuclease-Free Water	7.5 μL
Total Volume	20 μL

2. For each PCR set, prepare **one** positive control PCR as shown in Table 2 below:

**Table 2. PCR Positive Control Preparation** 

PCR Components	Volume Per PCR Reaction
AN 2X PCR Master Mix Or Control 2X PCR Master Mix	10 μL
AN Positive Control (PosC)	10 μL
Total Volume	20 μL

3. For each PCR set, prepare **one** no template control PCR as shown in Table 3 below:

**Table 3. PCR Negative Control Preparation** 

PCR Components	Volume Per PCR Reaction
AN 2X PCR Master Mix Or Control 2X PCR Master Mix	10 μL
Nuclease-Free Water	10 μL
Total Volume	20 μL

## C. Aspergillus niger PCR Assay Programming

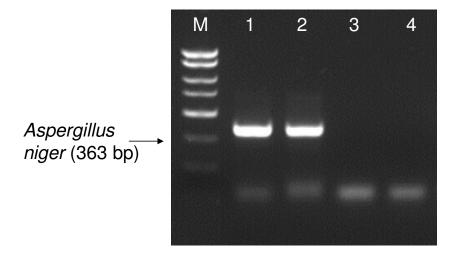
- 1. Program the thermocylcer according to the program shown in Table 4 below.
- 2. Run one step PCR.

Table 4. A.niger Assay Program

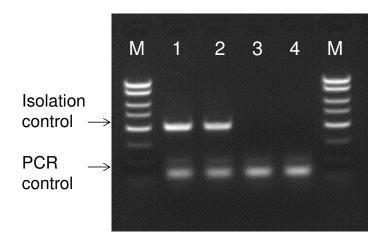
PCR Cycle	Step	Temperature	Duration
Cycle 1	Step 1	95°C	3 min
	Step 1	94°C	15 sec
Cycle 2 (35x)	Step 2	60°C	15 sec
	Step 3	72°C	30 sec
Cycle 3	Step 1	72°C	5 min
Cycle 4	Step 1	4°C	∞

## D. Aspergillus niger PCR Assay Results Interpretation

- 1. For the analysis of the PCR data, the entire 15-20  $\mu$ L PCR Reaction should be loaded on a 1X TAE 1.7% Agarose DNA gel along with 10  $\mu$ L of Norgen's DNA Marker (provided).
- 2. The PCR products should be resolved on the 1X TAE 1.7% Agarose gel at 150V for 30 minutes.
- 3. Sample results are provided below:



**Figure 1. Detection of** *A.niger* **using the** *A.niger* **PCR Detection Kit.** A representative 1X TAE 1.5% agarose gel showing the amplification of *A. niger* positive (lane 1 and 2) negative (lane 3 and 4) controls. The size of the *A. niger* target amplicon corresponds to 363 bp as represented by the provided DNA Marker (M).



**Figure 2:** A representative 1X TAE 1.5% agarose gel showing the amplification of **Isolation Control** and **PCR Control** under different conditions using the **Control 2X PCR Mastermix**. The size of the Isolation Control amplicon and PCR Control amplicon correspond to 499 bp and 150 bp, respectively, as represented by the provided DNA Marker (M). Lanes 1 and 2 showed detection of both Isolation Control and PCR Control, suggesting that the DNA isolation as well as the PCR reaction was successful. Lane 3 and 4 showed only the detection of PCR Control suggesting that while the PCR was successful, the isolation failed to recover even the spiked-in Isolation control.

Table 5. Interpretation of PCR Assay Results

Input Type	Target reaction	Control Reaction		Interpretation
	A.niger Target Band (363 bp)	<i>IsoC</i> Band (499 bp)	PCRC Band (150 bp)	
Positive Control	Х	Х	Х	Valid
Negative Control			х	Valid
Sample	Х	Х	Х	Positive
Sample		Х	X	Negative
Sample			X	Re-test
Sample				Re-test
Sample		Х		Negative
Sample	Х		Х	Positive
Sample	Х	Х		Positive
Sample	Х			Re-test

<sup>\*\*</sup> For results obtained that are not covered in Table 5 above, please refer to the Troubleshooting Section.

## E. A. niger PCR Assay Specificity and Sensitivity

The specificity of Norgen's *A.niger* PCR Detection Kit is first and foremost ensured by the selection of the *A. niger* -specific primers, as well as the selection of stringent reaction conditions. The primers were checked for possible homologies to all in GenBank published sequences by sequence comparison analysis. The specific delectability of all relevant strains has thus been ensured by a database alignment and by PCR amplification with the following fungi commonly found in filed samples.

- o Aspergillus niger
- o Cladosporium sp.
- o Botrytis cinerea
- o Mucor racemosus
- o Alterneria tenuissima
- o Rhizopus oryzae
- o Penicillum sp.
- o Fusarium oxysporum

#### F. Linear Range

- The linear range (analytical measurement) of Norgen's Aspergillus niger PCR Detection Kit
  was determined by analysing a dilution series of a A. niger quantification standards ranging
  from 1 x 10<sup>6</sup> cfu/μl to 1 x 10<sup>1</sup> cfu/μl.
- Each dilution has been tested in replicates (n = 4) using Norgen's *Aspergillus niger* PCR Detection Kit on a 1X TAE 1.7% agarose gel.
- The linear range of Norgen's *Aspergillus niger* PCR Detection Kit has been determined to cover concentrations from 600 fg to 6 ng
- Under the conditions of the Norgen's *Aspergillus niger* DNA Isolation procedure, Norgen's *Aspergillus niger* PCR Detection Kit covers a linear range from 100 copies to 1 x 10<sup>5</sup> copies.

### **Frequently Asked Questions**

#### 1. How many samples should be included per PCR run?

Norgen's A. niger PCR Detection Kit is designed to test 24 samples. For every 6 samples, a non-template control (Nuclease Free Water) and a Positive Control must be included. It is preferable to pool and test 6 samples at a time. If not, the provided Positive Control is enough to run 3 samples at a time.

## 2. How can I interpret my results if neither the PCR control nor the Isolation Control (IsoC) amplifies?

• If neither the PCR control nor the Isolation Control (*IsoC*) amplifies, the sample must be re-tested. If the positive control showed amplification, then the problem occurred during the isolation, where as if the Positive control did not amplify, therefore the problem has occurred during the setup of the PCR assay reaction.

## 3. How should it be interpreted if only the PCR control showed amplification but neither the *A. niger* target nor the Isolation control amplified for a sample?

• This indicates a poor isolation. The isolation procedure must be repeated.

### 4. How should it be interpreted if only the Isolation Control (IsoC) was amplified in a sample?

• The sample tested can be considered as A. niger negative.

## 5. How should it be interpreted if the PCR control and the *A. niger* target showed amplification in a sample?

• The sample tested can be considered positive. It could happen when too much template was added to the reaction.

## 6. How should it be interpreted if only the *A. niger* target and the PCR control were amplified in a sample?

• The sample tested can be considered as *A. niger* positive.

#### 7. How should it be interpreted if only the A. niger target was amplified in a sample?

• It is recommended that the isolation is repeated.

## 8. How should it be interpreted if only the PCR control and the Isolation control showed amplification in a sample?

• The sample tested can be considered negative

#### 9. What if I forgot to do a dry spin after my third wash?

Your first DNA elution will be contaminated with the Wash Solution. This may dilute the DNA yield
in your first elution and it may interfere with the PCR detection, as ethanol is known to be a PCR
inhibitor.

#### 10. What if I forgot to add the Isolation Control (IsoC) during the isolation?

• It is recommended that the isolation is repeated.

## 11. What if I forgot to run the Control RT-PCR for the sample and I only ran the Detection RT-PCR and I obtained a positive result?

• The result can be considered positive. However, any negative result must be verified by running the associated control PCR to ensure that it is a true negative and not a false negative due to problems with the RNA isolation or the PCR reactions.

Related Products	Product #
Fungi/Yeast Genomic DNA Isolation kit	27300
Bacterial Genomic DNA Isolation Kit	17900
Plant/Fungi DNA Isolation Kit	26200

#### **Technical Assistance**

NORGEN'S Technical Service Department is staffed by experienced scientists with extensive practical and theoretical expertise in sample and assay technologies and the use of NORGEN products. If you have any questions or experience any difficulties regarding Norgen's Urine DNA Isolation Mini Kit (Slurry Format) or NORGEN products in general, please do not hesitate to contact us.

NORGEN customers are a valuable source of information regarding advanced or specialized uses of our products. This information is helpful to other scientists as well as to the researchers at NORGEN. We therefore encourage you to contact us if you have any suggestions about product performance or new applications and techniques.

For technical assistance and more information, please contact our Technical Support Team between the hours of 8:30 and 5:30 (Eastern Standard Time) at (905) 227-8848 or Toll Free at 1-866-667-4362 or call one of the NORGEN local distributors (<a href="www.norgenbiotek.com">www.norgenbiotek.com</a>) or through email at techsupport@norgenbiotek.com.

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